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PREVIEW
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WAR OF 1812 ANTICIPATION GUIDE

Read each statement and decide if it is True or False. Complete the left column before the reading by circling the T for True or the F for False. Complete the right column after finish the reading. Did any of your answers change?

BEFORE READING	STATEMENT	AFTER READING
T F	The War of 1812 ended in 1812.	T F
T F	were being forced to join the British Royal Navy.	T F
T F	The U.S. wanted to take over Canada.	T F
T F	half the British fo were U.S. volunteers.	T F
T F	The British bom Fort McH ry for 25 days.	T F
T F	The Battle Orleans occur after the treaty was signed.	T F
T F	A result of the War of 1812 three boundary	T F
T F	The Battle of Lake occurr 1813.	T F
T F	Frances Scott Key wrote the dge of A giance.	T F

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DID YOU KNOW?

When the war of 1812 British had 600 ships and the Unite Stat y had eightee

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War of 1812

Name: _____

Answer the questions below. Then on the coloring page, color each numbered section with the corresponding color. If there is any space left over, color it your choice! Follow the directions provided to cite evidence from the reading.

Questions	Text Evidence	Answer A	Answer B
#1 What country did the U.S. fight in the War of 1812?	Find proof in the reading and UNDERLINE it in PURPLE	Belgium	Great Britain RED
#2 What did Toronto used to be called?	Find proof in the reading and CIRCLE it in GREEN	Yorktown PURPLE STRIPES	Washington D.C. BLUE STRIPES
#3 In what state did British forces land in 1814?	Find proof in the reading and BOX it in RED	Florida YELLOW	Maryland ORANGE
#4 What was the nickname of the U.S. Constitution?	Find proof in the reading and BOX it in YELLOW	Old Ironsides RED	Old Betsy ORANGE
#5 What country was the Treaty of Ghent signed?	Find proof in the reading and CIRCLE it in ORANGE	United States BLUE	Belgium BROWN
#6 What country was Napoleon emperor of?	Find proof in the reading and UNDERLINE it in PURPLE	France ORANGE STRIPES	Great Britain GREEN STRIPES

PREVIEW

WAR OF 1812

The War of 1812 was fought between the United States and Great Britain and settled issues that were left unresolved during the Revolutionary War. It is sometimes referred to as the "Second War of Independence", "the Second War Part II" and "The Forgotten War."

There were several causes of the War of 1812 such as disagreements over shipping and trade. Native Americans were being supported and armed by the British in an effort to stop the US from expanding west. U.S. soldiers were being forced to join the British Royal Navy. The British also believed the United States wanted to take over Canada. The United Kingdom was already at war with Napoleon of France.

The war was fought from 1812 to 1815 on both land and sea. During the War of 1812, more soldiers died from disease than from battle. At the time, Britain was at already at war with France. Britain tried to interfere with trade between America and France. Britain placed trade restrictions on the United States because they did not want them to trade with France. The U.S. felt the trade restrictions were illegal under international law. Both the British and the French thought American ships were providing the other side with weapons, supplies and food. America declared war on Great Britain on June 18, 1812.

U.S. military leaders included Andrew Jackson, Winfield Scott, Henry Dearborn, and William Henry Harrison. The United Kingdom was led by George IV and Robert Jenkinson. British military leaders included Isaac Brock, Gordon Drummond, and Charles de Salaberry.

The United States declared war on the United Kingdom in June of 1812 and attacked the British colony of Canada. The United States believed that Canadians would be on their side but they were wrong. The US soldiers were inexperienced and easily defeated by the British. The British had a small, well trained army in Canada with Native American allies. The Native American tribes were under the Shawnee leadership of Chief Tecumseh. Over half of the British forces were Canadian volunteers because most British soldiers were fighting Napoleon of France. At the time, Napoleon Bonaparte, the French Emperor, was trying to conquer Europe and build a great empire.

In 1813, the Battle of Lake Erie occurred. Oliver Hazard Perry, an American leader, led his troops to victory. This victory gave America control of

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