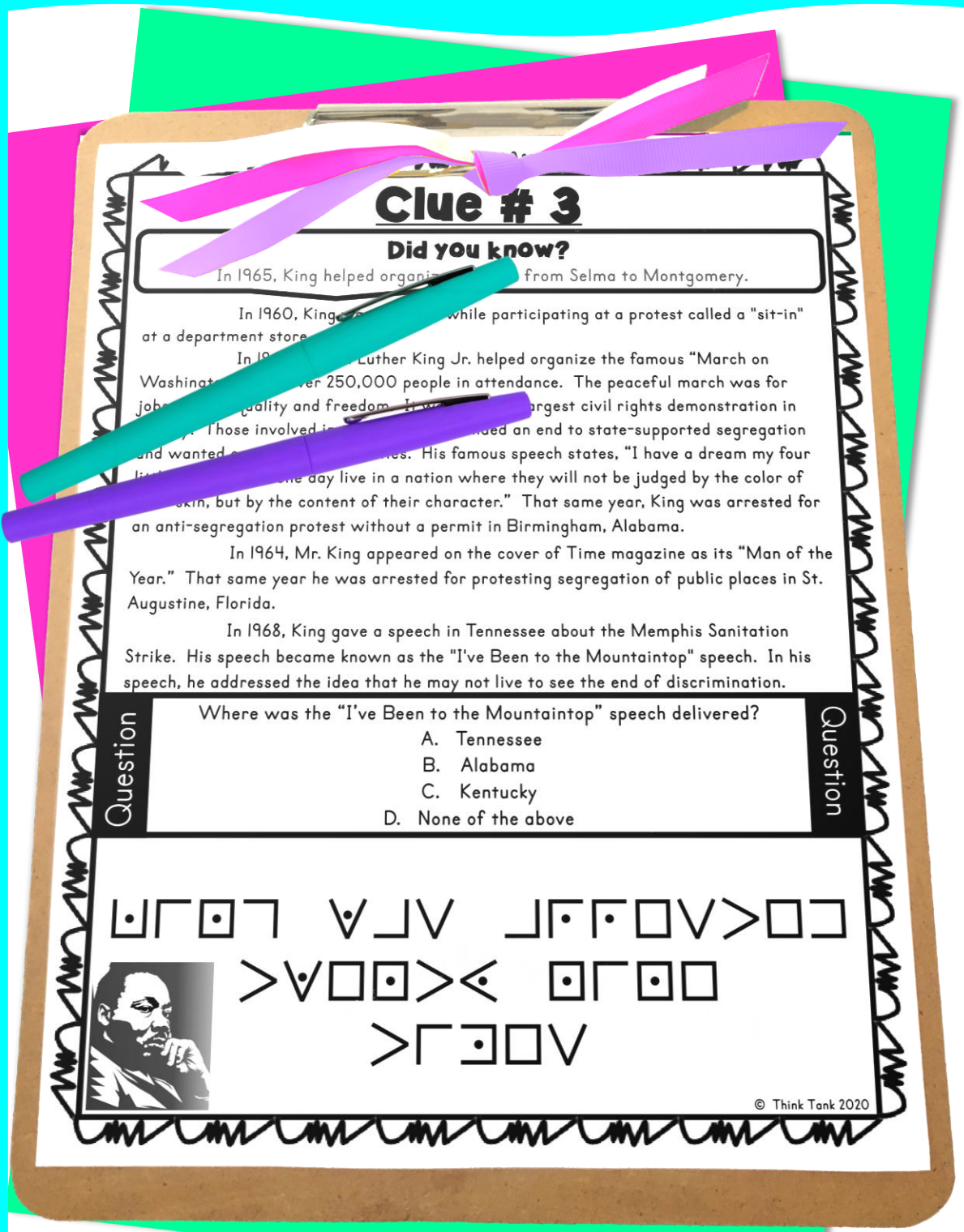
PRINT & GO!

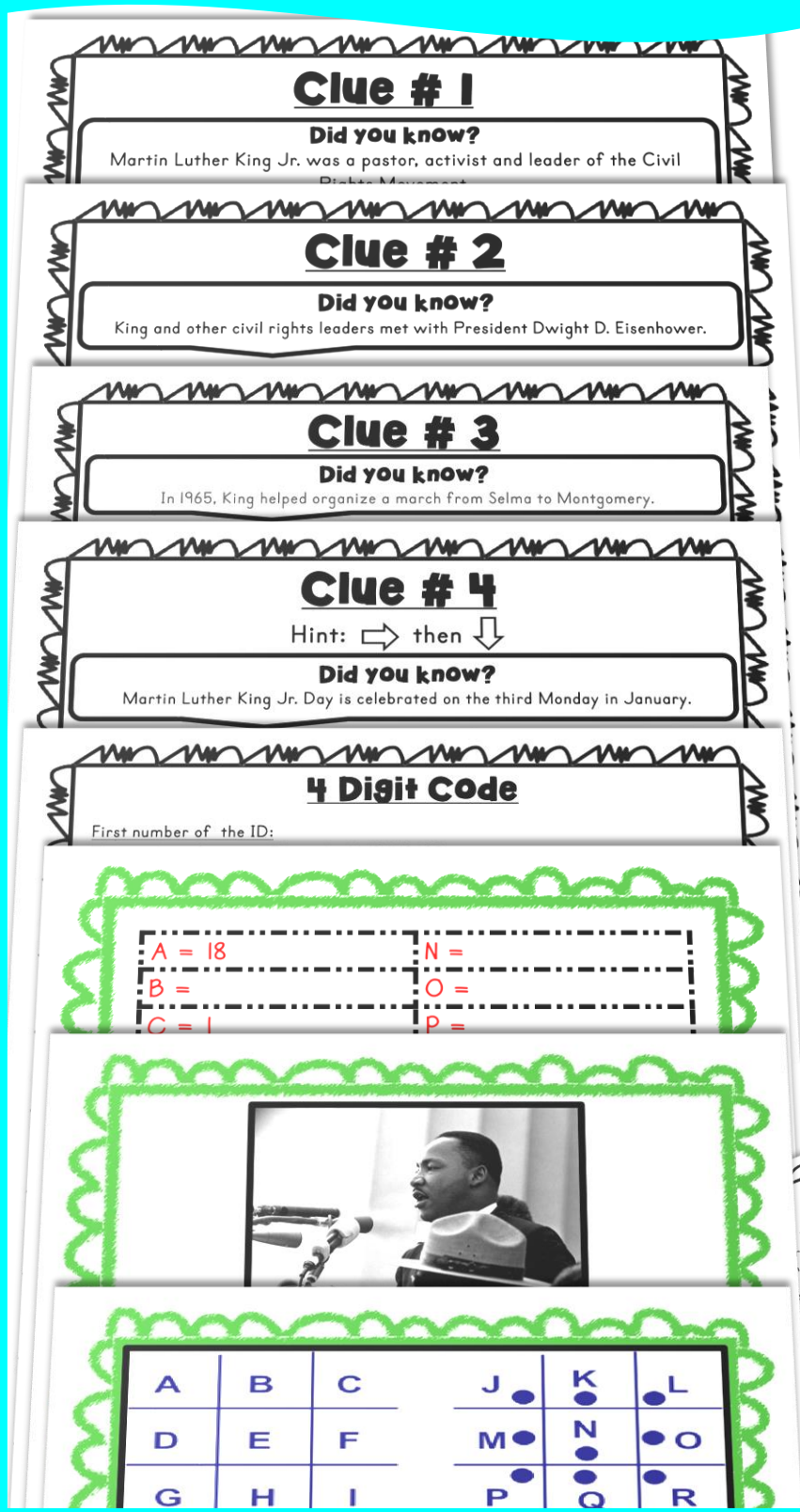


1
READ THE PASSAGE

2
ANSWER QUESTIONS

3
DECODE PUZZLES

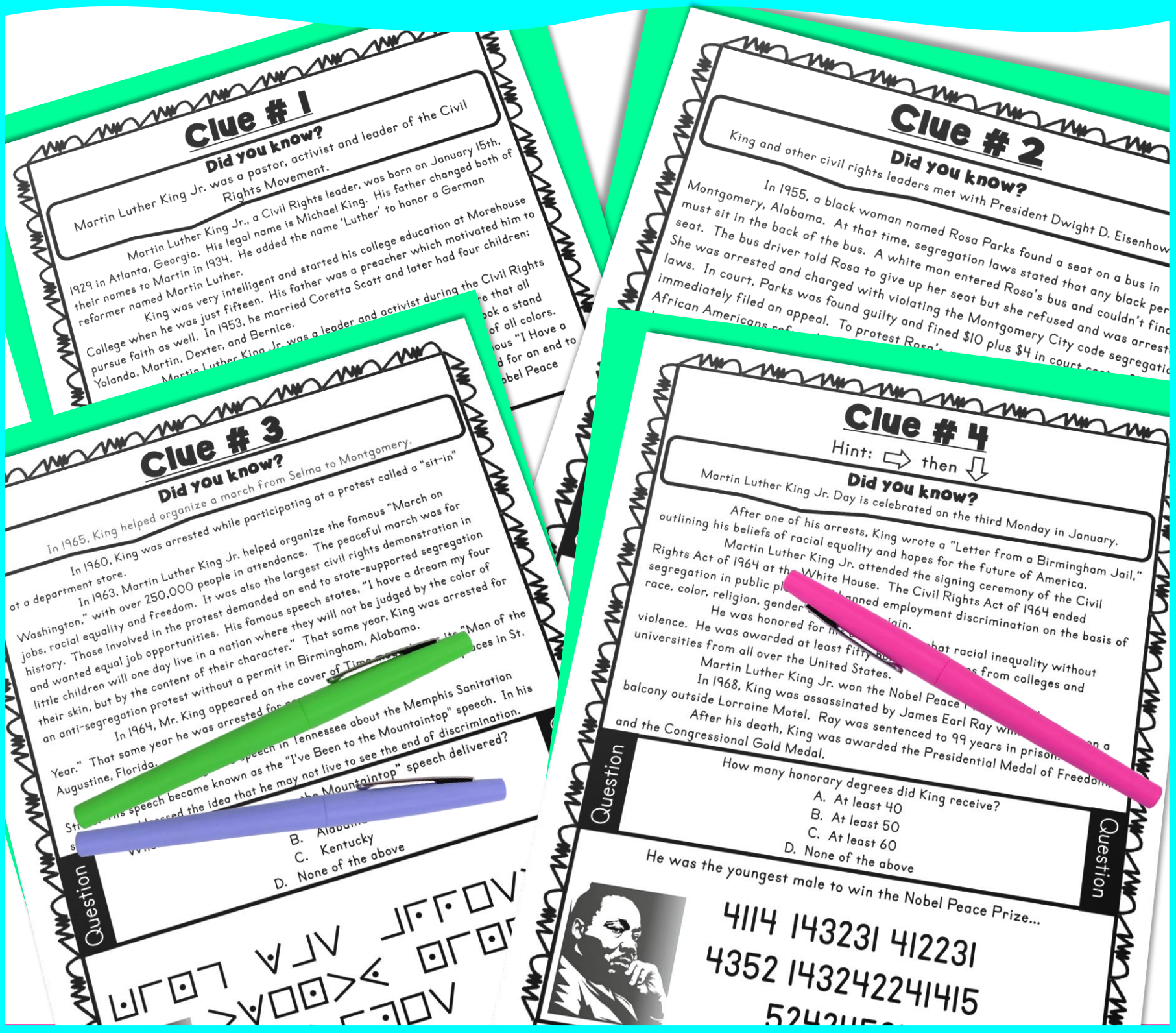
WHAT'S INCLUDED?



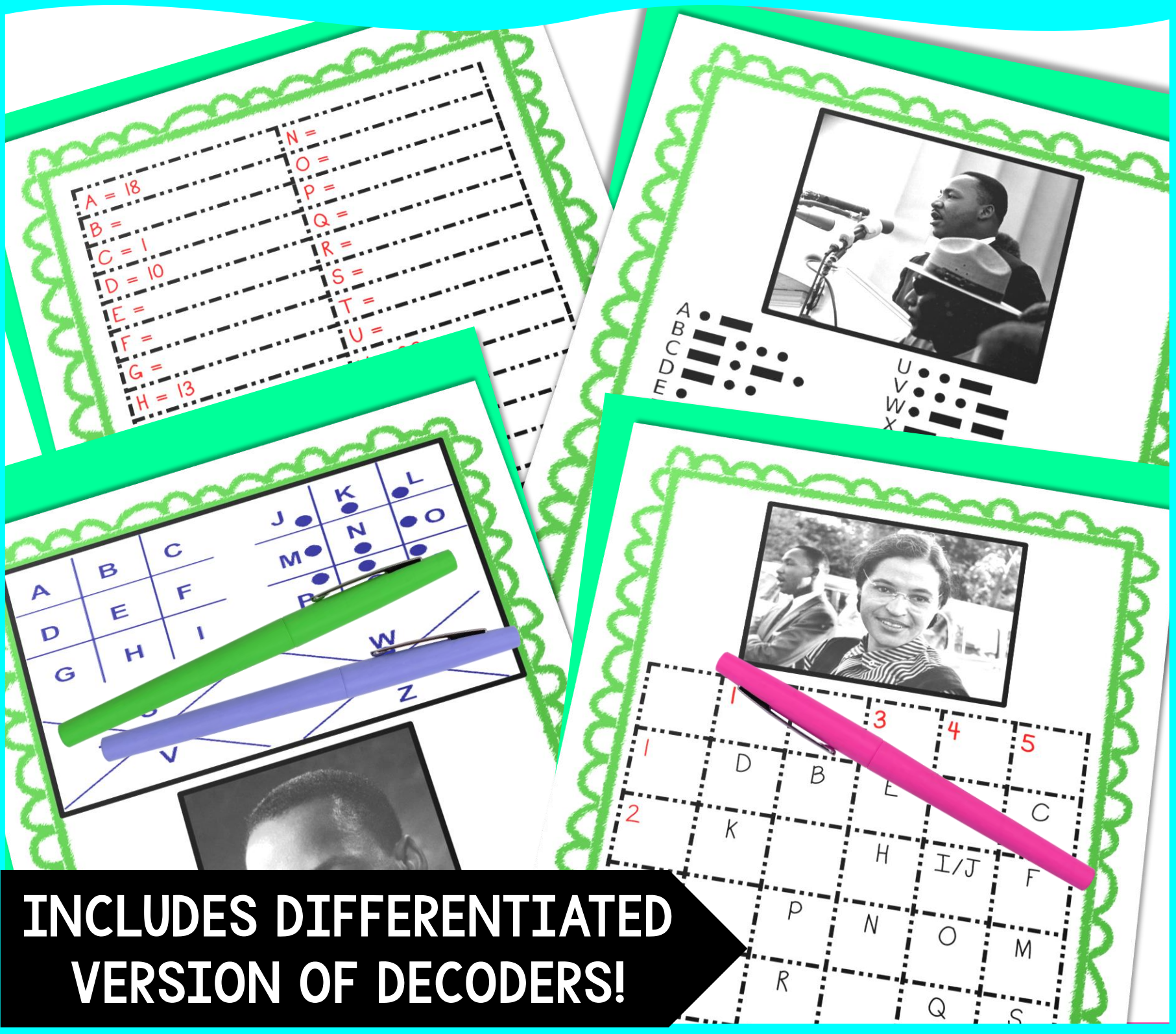
- ✔ 4 Half Page Passages
- ✔ 4 Puzzle Decoders
- ✔ Differentiated Version
- ✔ Completion Signs
- ✔ 10 Multiple Choice
- ✔ Teacher Answer Key
- ✔ Teacher Guide
- ✔ Puzzle Hints



4 PASSAGES

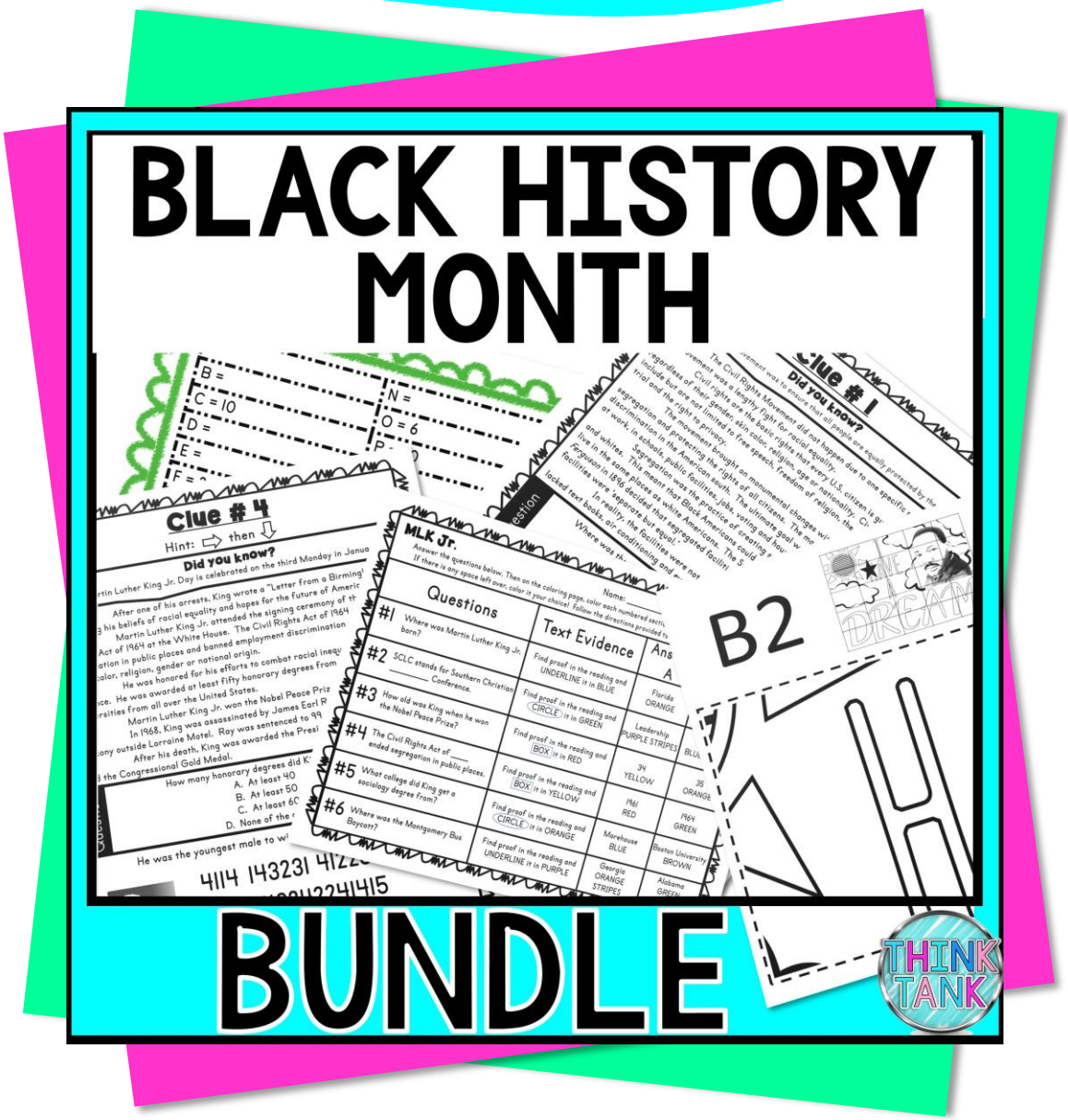

Clue # 1
Did you know?
Martin Luther King Jr. was a pastor, activist and leader of the Civil Rights Movement.
Martin Luther King Jr., a Civil Rights leader, was born on January 15th, 1929 in Atlanta, Georgia. His legal name is Michael King. His father changed both of their names to Martin in 1934. He added the name 'Luther' to honor a German reformer named Martin Luther.
King was very intelligent and started his college education at Morehouse College when he was just fifteen. His father was a preacher which motivated him to pursue faith as well. In 1953, he married Coretta Scott and later had four children; Yolanda, Martin, Dexter, and Bernice.
Clue # 2
Did you know?
King and other civil rights leaders met with President Dwight D. Eisenhow
In 1955, a black woman named Rosa Parks found a seat on a bus in Montgomery, Alabama. At that time, segregation laws stated that any black per must sit in the back of the bus. A white man entered Rosa's bus and couldn't find seat. The bus driver told Rosa to give up her seat but she refused and was arrest She was arrested and charged with violating the Montgomery City code segregati laws. In court, Parks was found guilty and fined $10 plus $4 in court
immediately filed an appeal. To protest Rosa's
African Americans
Clue # 3
Did you know?
In 1965, King helped organize a march from Selma to Montgomery.
In 1960, King was arrested while participating at a protest called a "sit-in" at a department store.
In 1963, Martin Luther King Jr. helped organize the famous "March on Washington," with over 250,000 people in attendance. The peaceful march was for jobs, racial equality and freedom. It was also the largest civil rights demonstration in history. Those involved in the protest demanded an end to state-supported segregation and wanted equal job opportunities. His famous speech states, "I have a dream my four little children will one day live in a nation where they will not be judged by the color of their skin, but by the content of their character." That same year, King was arrested for an anti-segregation protest without a permit in Birmingham, Alabama.
In 1964, Mr. King appeared on the cover of Time
Year." That same year he was arrested for
Augustine, Florida.
speech in Tennessee about the Memphis Sanitation
speech became known as the "I've Been to the Mountaintop" speech. In his
the idea that he may not live to see the end of discrimination.
the Mountaintop" speech delivered?
Question
B. Alaba
C. Kentucky
D. None of the above
Clue # 4
Hint: ⇨ then ⇩
Did you know?
Martin Luther King Jr. Day is celebrated on the third Monday in January.
After one of his arrests, King wrote a "Letter from a Birmingham Jail," outlining his beliefs of racial equality and hopes for the future of America.
Martin Luther King Jr. attended the signing ceremony of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 at the White House. The Civil Rights Act of 1964 ended segregation in public
race, color, religion, gender
He was honored for
violence. He was awarded at least fifty
universities from all over the United States.
Martin Luther King Jr. won the Nobel Peace
In 1968, King was assassinated by James Earl Ray
balcony outside Lorraine Motel. Ray was sentenced to 99 years in prison
After his death, King was awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom
and the Congressional Gold Medal.
Question
How many honorary degrees did King receive?
A. At least 40
B. At least 50
C. At least 60
D. None of the above
He was the youngest male to win the Nobel Peace Prize...
4114 143231 412231
4352 143242241415

4 DECODERS



INCLUDES DIFFERENTIATED VERSION OF DECODERS!

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Grab everything you need for Black History Month. This BUNDLE includes 7 unique and engaging activities. From Rosa Parks or Martin Luther King Jr. to the Civil Rights Movement, there's something for every type of learner!