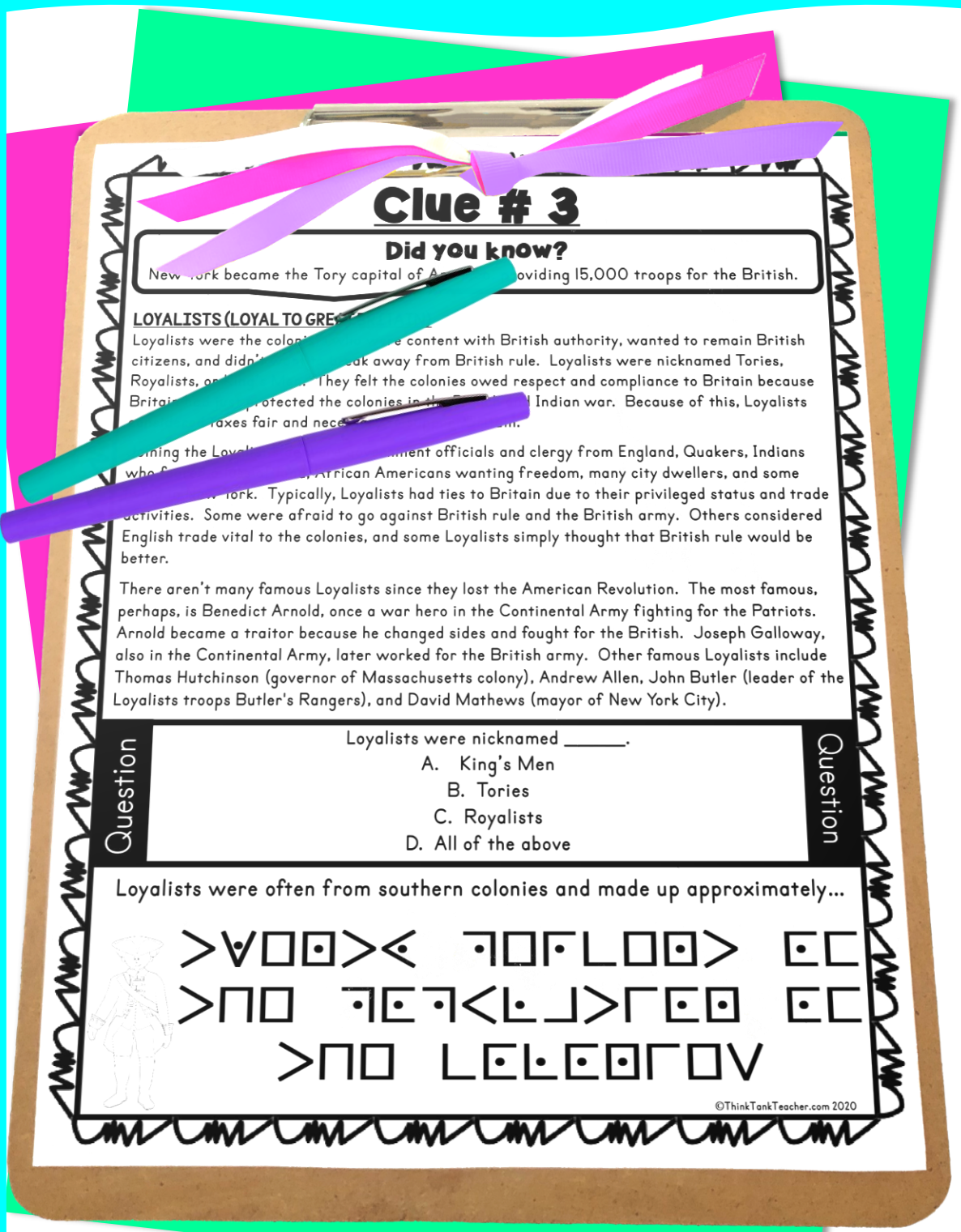
PRINT & GO!

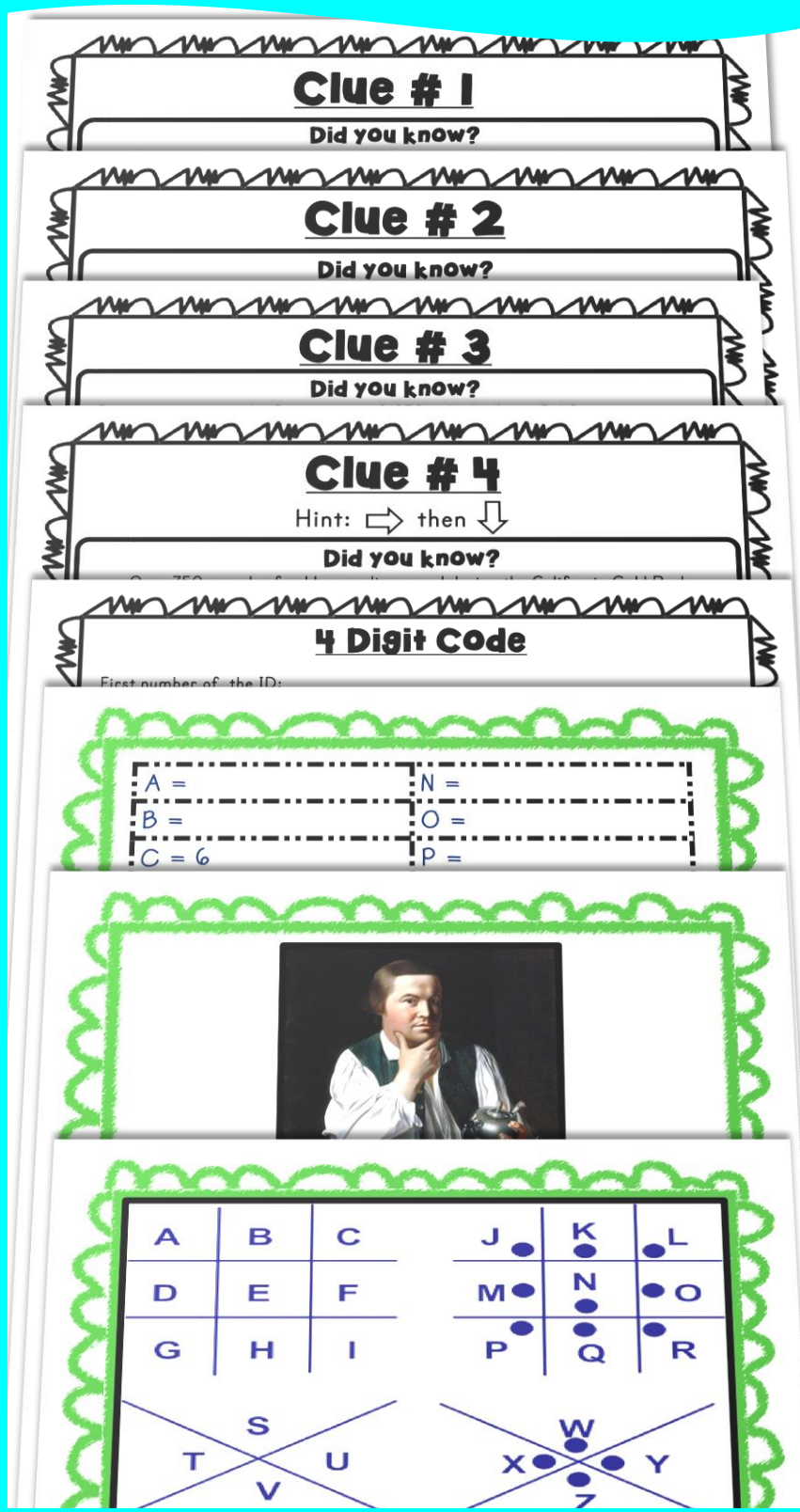


1 READ THE PASSAGE

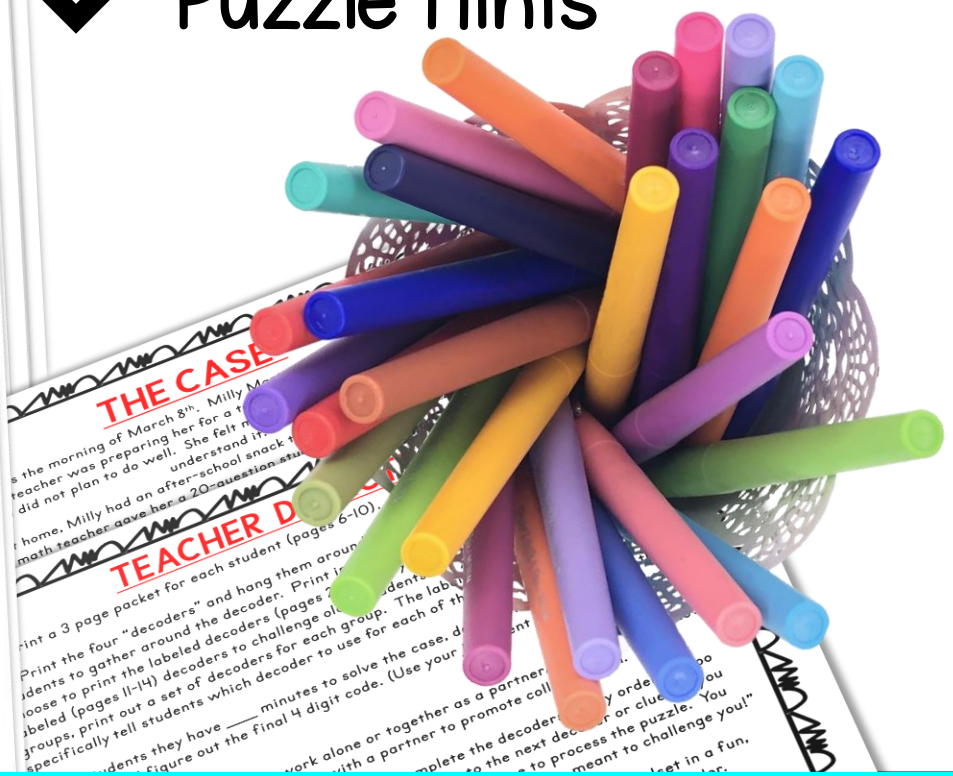
2 ANSWER QUESTIONS

3 DECODE PUZZLES

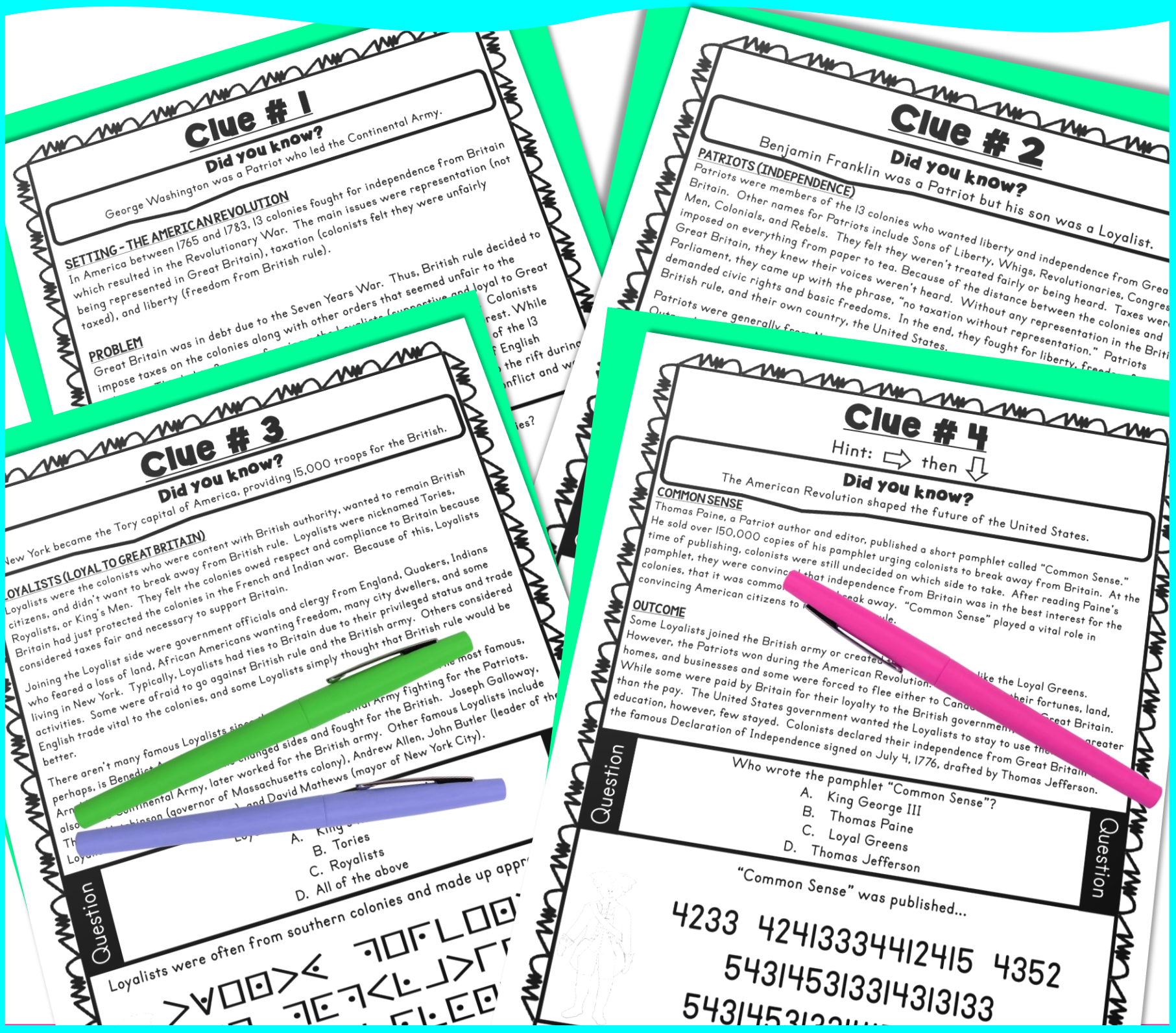
WHAT'S INCLUDED?



- ✔ 4 Half Page Passages
- ✔ 4 Puzzle Decoders
- ✔ Differentiated Version
- ✔ Completion Signs
- ✔ 10 Multiple Choice
- ✔ Teacher Answer Key
- ✔ Teacher Guide
- ✔ Puzzle Hints



4 PASSAGES


Clue # 1
Did you know?
George Washington was a Patriot who led the Continental Army.
SETTING - THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
In America between 1765 and 1783, 13 colonies fought for independence from Britain which resulted in the Revolutionary War. The main issues were representation (not being represented in Great Britain), taxation (colonists felt they were unfairly taxed), and liberty (freedom from British rule).
PROBLEM
Great Britain was in debt due to the Seven Years War. Thus, British rule decided to impose taxes on the colonies along with other orders that seemed unfair to the
Clue # 2
Did you know?
Benjamin Franklin was a Patriot but his son was a Loyalist.
PATRIOTS (INDEPENDENCE)
Patriots were members of the 13 colonies who wanted liberty and independence from Great Britain. Other names for Patriots include Sons of Liberty, Whigs, Revolutionaries, Congress Men, Colonials, and Rebels. They felt they weren't treated fairly or being heard. Taxes were imposed on everything from paper to tea. Because of the distance between the colonies and Great Britain, they knew their voices weren't heard. Without any representation in the British Parliament, they came up with the phrase, "no taxation without representation." Patriots demanded civic rights and basic freedoms. In the end, they fought for liberty, freedom from British rule, and their own country, the United States.
Clue # 3
Did you know?
New York became the Tory capital of America, providing 15,000 troops for the British.
LOYALISTS (LOYAL TO GREAT BRITAIN)
Loyalists were the colonists who were content with British authority, wanted to remain British citizens, and didn't want to break away from British rule. Loyalists were nicknamed Tories, Royalists, or King's Men. They felt the colonies owed respect and compliance to Britain because Britain had just protected the colonies in the French and Indian war. Because of this, Loyalists considered taxes fair and necessary to support Britain.
Joining the Loyalist side were government officials and clergy from England, Quakers, Indians who feared a loss of land, African Americans wanting freedom, many city dwellers, and some living in New York. Typically, Loyalists had ties to Britain due to their privileged status and activities. Some were afraid to go against British rule and the British army. Others considered English trade vital to the colonies, and some Loyalists simply thought that British rule would be better.
There aren't many famous Loyalists since
perhaps, is Benedict
Continental Army, later worked for the British army. Other famous Loyalists include
Hutchinson (governor of Massachusetts colony), Andrew Allen, John Butler (leader of the
and David Mathews (mayor of New York City).
Question
A.
B. Tories
C. Royalists
D. All of the above
Loyalists were often from southern colonies and made up appr
Clue # 4
Hint: ⇨ then ⇩
Did you know?
The American Revolution shaped the future of the United States.
COMMON SENSE
Thomas Paine, a Patriot author and editor, published a short pamphlet called "Common Sense." He sold over 150,000 copies of his pamphlet urging colonists to break away from Britain. At the time of publishing, colonists were still undecided on which side to take. After reading Paine's pamphlet, they were convinced that independence from Britain was in the best interest for the colonies, that it was common sense to break away. "Common Sense" played a vital role in convincing American citizens to
OUTCOME
Some Loyalists joined the British army or created
like the Loyal Greens.
However, the Patriots won during the American Revolution
their fortunes, land,
homes, and businesses and some were forced to flee either to Canada
Great Britain.
While some were paid by Britain for their loyalty to the British government
greater
than the pay. The United States government wanted the Loyalists to stay to use their
education, however, few stayed. Colonists declared their independence from Great Britain
the famous Declaration of Independence signed on July 4, 1776, drafted by Thomas Jefferson.
Question
Who wrote the pamphlet "Common Sense"?
A. King George III
B. Thomas Paine
C. Loyal Greens
D. Thomas Jefferson
"Common Sense" was published...
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4 DECODERS



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