

# PRINT & GO!

1

READ THE  
PASSAGE

2

ANSWER  
QUESTIONS

3

DECODE  
PUZZLES

## Clue # 3

### DID YOU KNOW?

Sudan has more ancient pyramids than Egypt.

Human-environment interaction is the next theme of geography. This theme explains how humans adapt to their environment. It also shows how humans change the setting of an area, with positive and negative effects. For example, Boston filled in the land by the water (created the Back Bay neighborhood) around 1830. Owners of local wharves (ships are anchored) wanted to fill in the cove and wharves to build some other examples of human-environment interaction.

Humans build dams to control water flow.

-Competition for resources from plants for medicines and natural remedies.

-Cold climates mine coal or drill for natural gas to heat homes.

Solar or wind power is developed from harvesting the sun's rays and wind.

Movement is the next theme of geography. Movement refers to how humans move around the world. It also includes how resources, fads, ideas, communication, and goods travel the world. Immigration, populations, and distribution is part of the movement theme. Examples of movement include:

-Immigration at Ellis Island between 1892 to 1924.

-The growth and expansion of cell phone reception worldwide.

-From 2019-2020, 900,000 Syrians migrated due to civil war.

Human-environment interaction includes three distinct aspects: dependency, adaptation, and modification.

Which theme of geography include goods being shipped?

- A. Location
- B. Movement
- C. Human-environment interaction
- D. Region

The number of immigrants that came through Ellis Island...

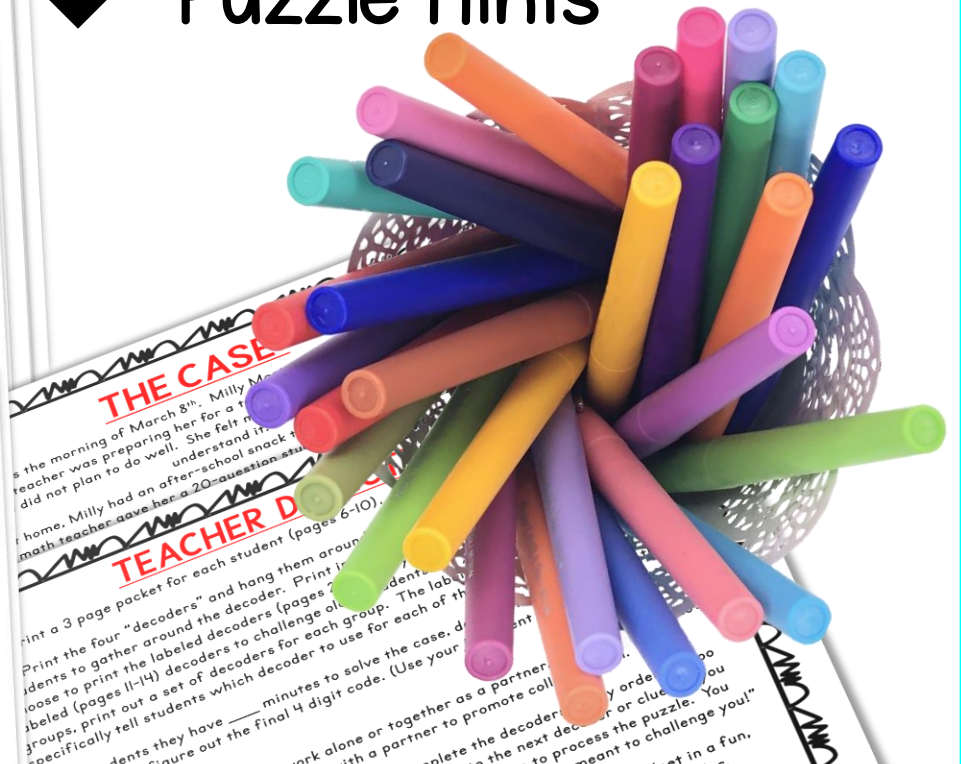
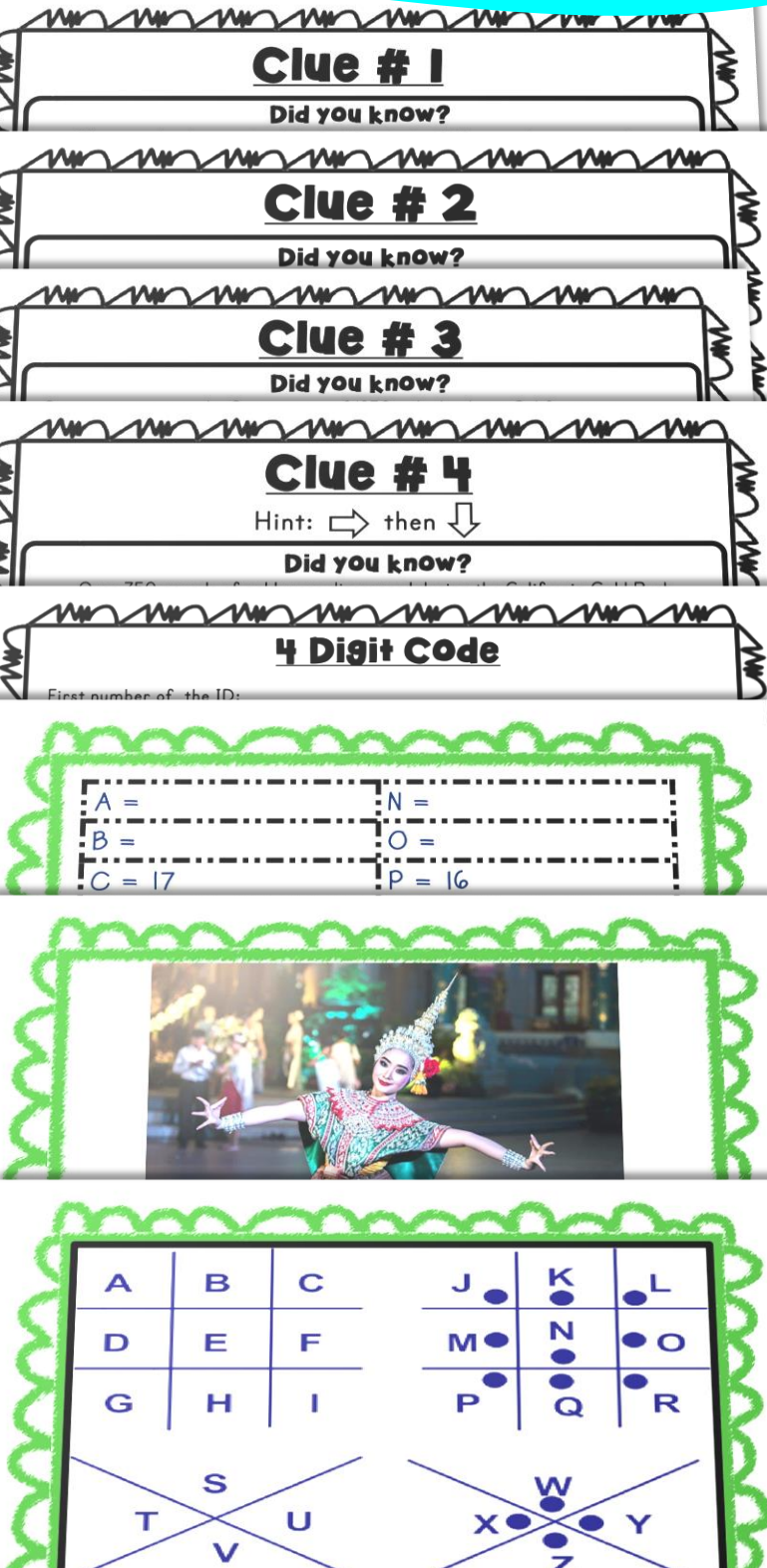


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# WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- ✓ 4 Half Page Passages
- ✓ 4 Puzzle Decoders
- ✓ Differentiated Version
- ✓ Completion Signs
- ✓ 10 Multiple Choice
- ✓ Teacher Answer Key
- ✓ Teacher Guide
- ✓ Puzzle Hints



# 4 PASSAGES

## Clue # 1

**DID YOU KNOW?**  
Alaska is the westernmost and easternmost state in the U.S.

Geography is the study of the physical features of the earth and its atmosphere. It also studies human behavior and activity and how it relates to places. In 1984, the National Council for Geographic Education and the Association of American Geographers identified five themes of geography: location, place, human-environment interaction, movement, and region.

Location means where something is on the earth. The location portion of geography relates to the absolute or relative place. The absolute location is the exact spot on a map. It does not change. Latitude and longitude coordinates on a map or an address show the absolute location. For example, the absolute location of the White House is 38.8977° N, longitude is 77.0365° W.

-The White House is located at 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
-Boston is located between Boston and New York City.

## Clue # 3

**DID YOU KNOW?**  
Sudan has more ancient pyramids than Egypt.

Human-environment interaction is the next theme of geography. This theme explains how humans adapt to an environment. It also shows how humans change the setting of an area with both positive and negative effects. For example, Boston filled in the land by the coast (called the Back Bay neighborhood) around 1830. Owners of local wharves (where ships are anchored) wanted to fill in the cove and wharves to build railroads. Some other examples include:

- Humans build dams on rivers to direct water flow.
- Companies extract ingredients from plants for medicines and natural remedies.
- Citizens in cold climates mine coal or drill for natural gas to heat homes.
- Solar or wind power is developed from harvesting the sun's rays and wind.

Movement refers to how humans move around the world. Immigration, population movement, and goods travel the world. Immigration, population movement, and goods travel the world. Immigration, population movement, and goods travel the world. Immigration, population movement, and goods travel the world.

Examples of movement include:  
-The expansion of cell phone reception worldwide.  
-The migration of 900,000 Syrians migrated due to civil war.  
-The expansion of cell phone reception worldwide.

- Which theme of geography is the next theme of geography?
- A. Location
  - B. Movement
  - C. Human-environment interaction
  - D. Region

The number of immigrants that came through Ellis Island...

## Clue # 2

**DID YOU KNOW?**  
Mauna Kea is actually taller than Mt. Everest.

Place, the second theme of geography, refers to the human and physical characteristics of an area. Each place in the world has its unique characteristics. Physical traits include landforms, mountains, rivers, beaches, animal and plant life, topography (forms and features of land surface), and climate. These physical descriptions paint the picture of the location. A topographical map is used to illustrate the physical characteristics of a location.

Specific examples of physical characteristics:  
-A freezing desert has glaciers.  
-An island has a beach.

## Clue # 4

Hint: → then ↓

**DID YOU KNOW?**  
The Sahara desert is the largest hot desert on earth.

Region, the final theme of geography, means an area with similar characteristics. There are three types of region. Regions can be subdivided: metropolitan cities, districts, provinces, countries, and continents are all formal regions. Functional regions refer to an area with specific boundaries. Vernacular regions are places with shared traits. When placed on a map, we tend to create "mental maps" such as the Middle East, the Midwest, or the South. Vernacular, also called perceptual regions, is the only type of region that changes over time. Specific examples include:  
-The tri-state area includes New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut.  
-The Pacific Northwest includes Washington, Oregon, and Idaho.  
-The "Tornado alley" includes the states where tornadoes are most common (Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Kansas, S. Dakota, Iowa, Nebraska).  
-The "corn belt" is an area where corn production is common. In the United States, this would be from eastern Nebraska through Indiana.

Geography makes connections between different areas and helps us understand how people have impacted that area.

How many types of regions are there?

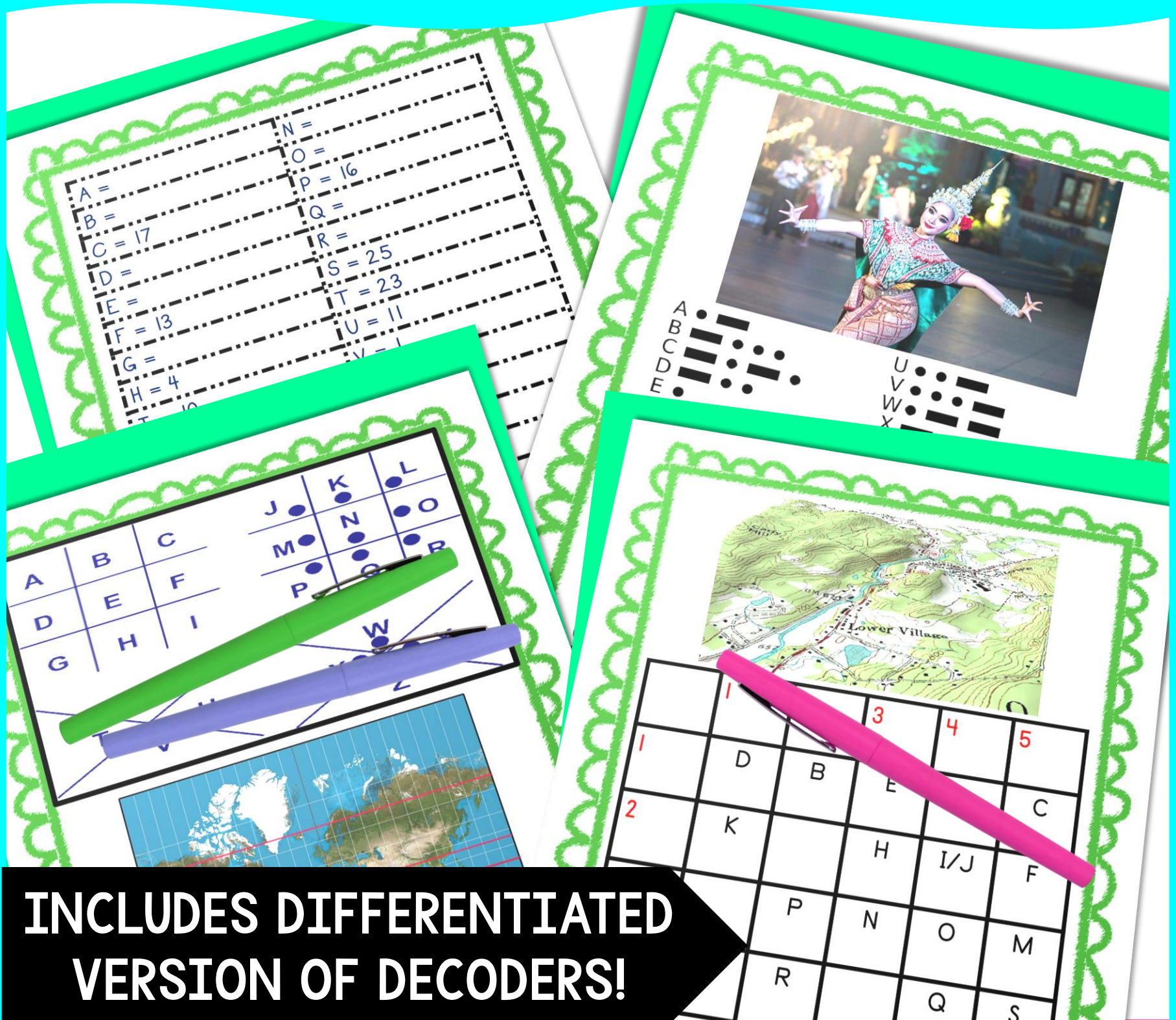
- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

The corn belt...

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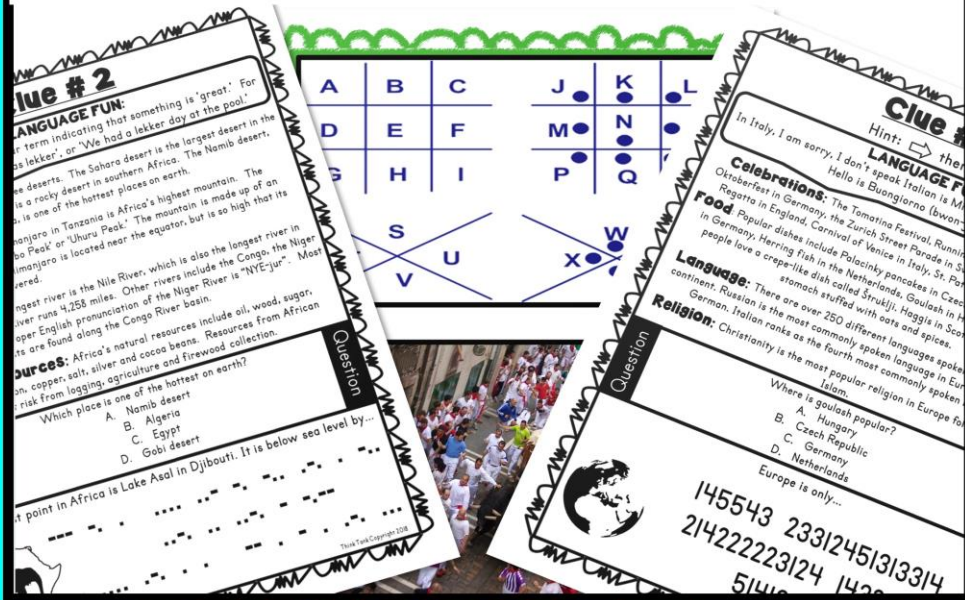
# 4 DECODERS



**INCLUDES DIFFERENTIATED  
VERSION OF DECODERS!**

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