

SUSAN B. ANTHONY

Clue # 3

DID YOU KNOW?
The house where she was born is now the Susan B. Anthony Birthplace Museum.

In 1869, Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton created the National Women's Suffrage Association (NWSA). They called for equal rights to all citizens, regardless of race or gender. They also argued that women should have the right to vote (suffrage). In the late 19th century, many people believed that women were not intelligent or capable enough to participate in the political process, and that their place was in the home. The NWSA was formed to challenge these attitudes and to advocate for women's rights. The organization held conventions, organized rallies, and published a weekly newspaper called "The Revolution" to promote its cause. Anthony gave around 100 speeches per year trying to convince others to support a woman's right to vote.

The NWSA was one of the largest and most influential organizations in the women's suffrage movement. It had thousands of members across the country, and it worked tirelessly to secure the right to vote for women.

In 1872, Anthony was arrested for voting in the presidential election, in violation of a federal law that restricted voting to men. Voting for women was illegal at the time. She was fined one hundred dollars but refused to pay the fine. Her case helped to bring national attention to the women's suffrage movement, and it helped to lay the foundation for future legal challenges to restrictions on women's rights.

Question
How much was Anthony fined for voting?

A. \$100
B. \$150
C. \$200
D. \$250

Question
To the women's suffrage movement, Anthony devoted...

VOTE

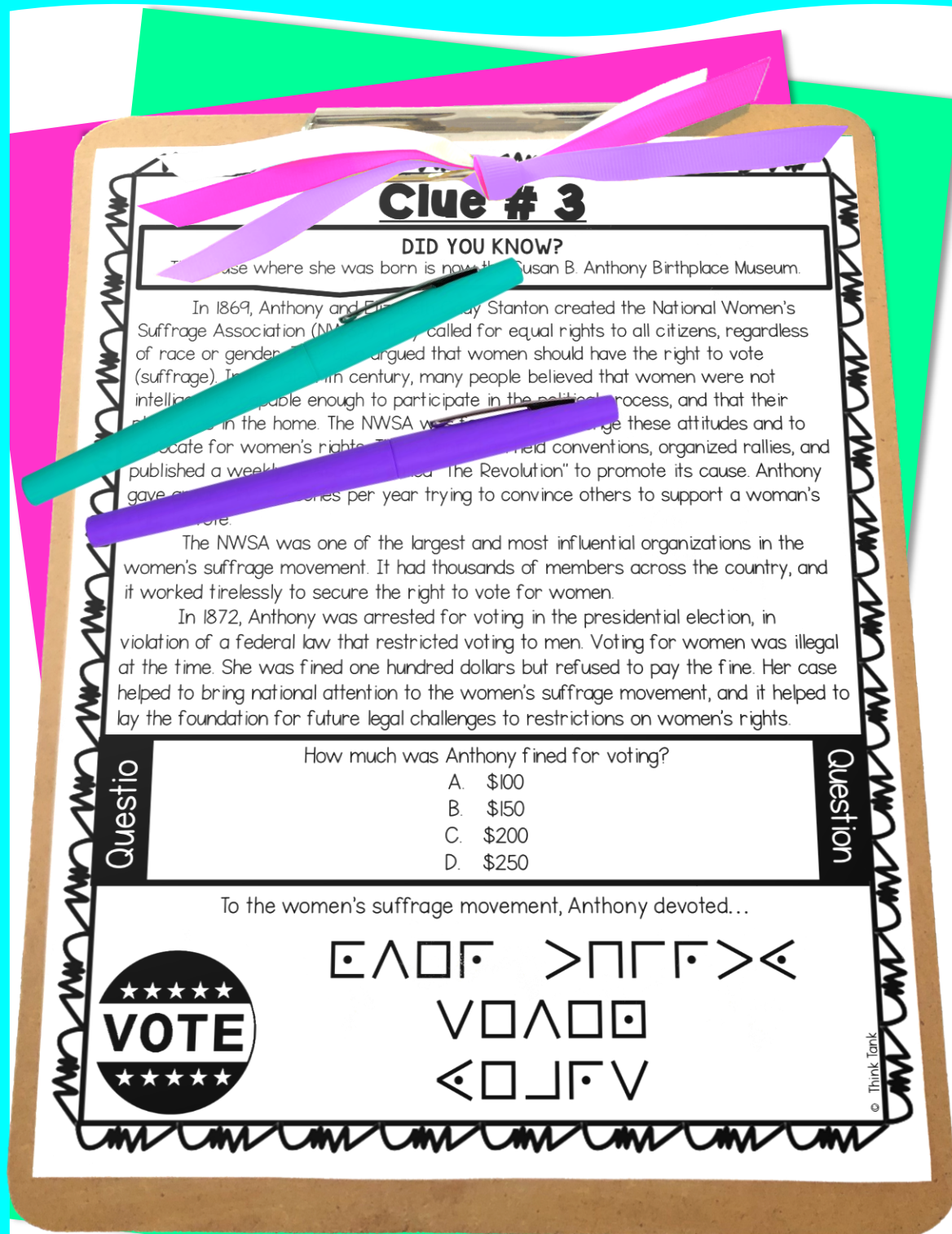
Clue # 2

Anthony's civil rights publication was called "The Revolution". Susan B. Anthony was frequently denied the right to speak at public forums, including political rallies and conventions. Despite these restrictions, Anthony was an intelligent woman who believed that women should have the same rights as men. In the workplace, she noticed that she was making about one-third of a man's earnings for the same job. When Susan was teaching about one of the male teachers were making \$10 a month while female teachers were only making \$3 a month. Anthony realized that no one would take women seriously unless they had an anti-slavery conference where she met a future lifelong friend, Elizabeth Cady Stanton. Anthony began to focus on women's rights and established the American Equal Rights Association with her.

THINK TANK

ESCAPE ROOM

PRINT & GO!



1

READ THE
PASSAGE

2

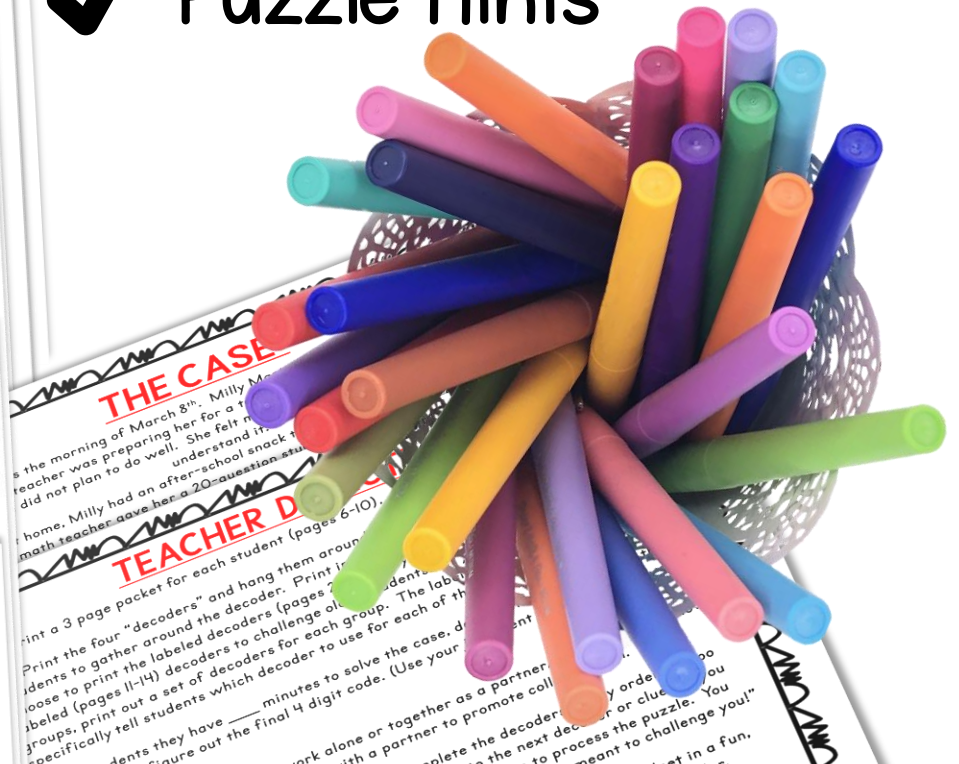
ANSWER
QUESTIONS

3

DECODE
PUZZLES

WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- ✓ 4 Half Page Passages
- ✓ 4 Puzzle Decoders
- ✓ Differentiated Version
- ✓ Completion Signs
- ✓ 10 Multiple Choice
- ✓ Teacher Answer Key
- ✓ Teacher Guide
- ✓ Puzzle Hints



4 PASSAGES

Clue # 1

DID YOU KNOW?

Her full name was Susan Brownell Anthony.

Susan B. Anthony was an American social reformer and women's rights activist born on February 15, 1820 in Adams, Massachusetts. She was born into a Quaker family that believed in equality and justice for all people. Anthony and her siblings were homeschooled because her father didn't think the local schools were good enough.

After her father was forced to sell his cotton mill, he moved the family to a farm near Rochester, New York. When the economy collapsed in 1837, Susan started teaching to make money for her family.

Her father, Daniel Anthony, was an abolitionist. An abolitionist is a person who wanted to end slavery. Her family became involved in the abolitionist movement which fought to abolish slavery. The family farm served as a safe place for her friends and goals. Anthony was determined to be heard. She traveled the country giving speeches and organizing rallies.

Clue # 3

DID YOU KNOW?

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In 1869, Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton created the National Women's Suffrage Association (NWSA). They called for equal rights to all citizens, regardless of race or gender. They also argued that women should have the right to vote (suffrage). In the late 19th century, many people believed that women were not intelligent or capable enough to participate in the political process, and that their place was in the home. The NWSA was formed to promote its cause. Anthony published a newspaper called "The Revolution" to promote its cause. Anthony advocated for women's rights. She traveled the country trying to convince others to support a woman's right to vote.

Anthony was one of the largest and most influential organizations in the country, and it worked tirelessly to secure the right to vote for women. Voting for women was illegal at the time. Anthony was arrested for voting. She was fined one hundred dollars but refused to pay the fine. Her case helped to bring national attention to the women's suffrage movement, and it helped to lay the foundation for future legal challenges to restrictions on women's rights.

How much was Anthony fined for voting?

- A. \$100
- B. \$150
- C. \$200
- D. \$250

Question

To the women's suffrage movement, Anthony devoted.

Clue # 2

DID YOU KNOW?

Anthony's civil rights publication was called "The Revolution."

Susan B. Anthony was inspired to fight for women's rights but was denied the chance to speak at a convention because she was a woman. In fact, she was frequently denied the right to speak in public due to her activism and her work as a women's rights advocate. At the time, women were not allowed to speak in many public forums, including political rallies and conventions.

Despite these restrictions, Anthony was determined to be heard. She traveled the country giving speeches and organizing rallies. Anthony was an intelligent woman who fought for the same rights as men. In 1906, she was the first woman to be honored on a coin.

Clue # 4

Hint: → then ↓

DID YOU KNOW?

Anthony was the first woman to be honored on a coin.

Anthony published the first volume of History of Woman Suffrage in the 1880's. She co-wrote the publication with Stanton, Ida Husted Harper and Matilda Joslin Gage. Several more volumes were later published. Anthony also recorded her own story, with the help of Harper, called "The Life and Work of Susan B. Anthony: A Story of the Evolution of the Status of Women."

For over three decades, Susan B. Anthony appeared before Congress, asking them to pass an amendment for women's suffrage. One of her most notable quotes is "It was we, the people, not we, the white male citizens; nor yet we, the male citizens; but we, the people, who formed the Union." The last time Anthony spoke publicly she said "failure is impossible," which are now famous.

Susan B. Anthony passed away on March 13, 1906. At the time of her death, women still did not have the right to vote. To honor her dedication to women's suffrage, the U.S. Treasury Department put her picture on a one dollar coin. After decades of protests, the amendment to the U.S. Constitution was passed.

Which amendment granted women the right to vote?

- A. 18th
- B. 19th
- C. 20th
- D. 21st

Question

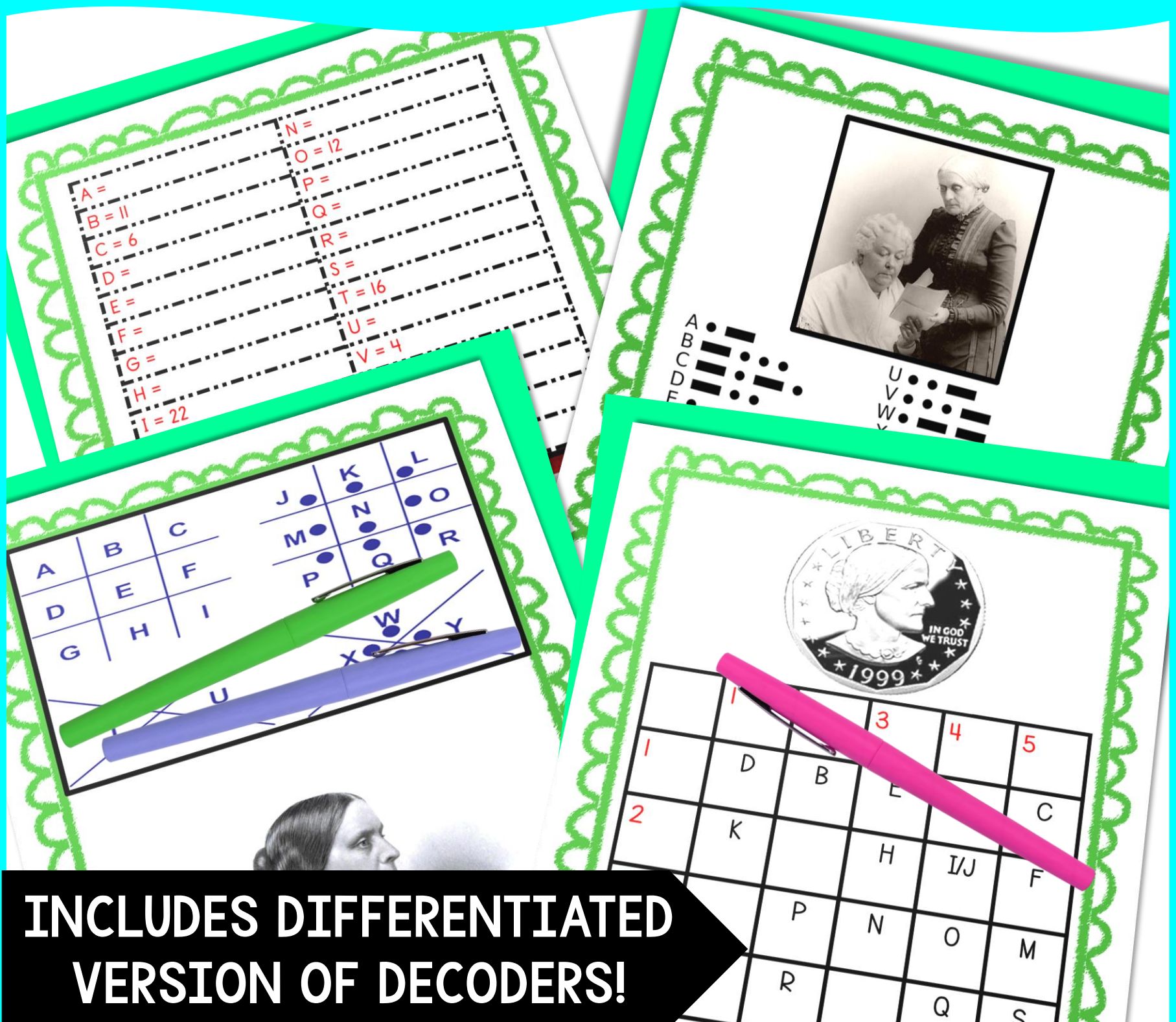


In 1920, the 19th amendment was finally passed...

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Question

4 DECODERS

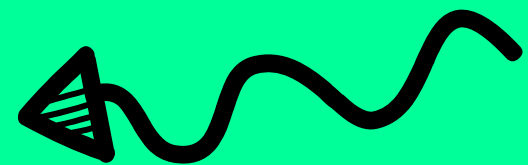


INCLUDES DIFFERENTIATED
VERSION OF DECODERS!

PROPS



ALSO TRY



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MORE!**

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