

PRINT & GO!

1

READ THE
PASSAGE

2

ANSWER
QUESTIONS

3

DECODE
PUZZLES

Clue # 1

Did you know?

Julius Caesar was a Roman politician and military general who played a vital role in the fall of the Roman Empire.

Julius Caesar was a famous Roman leader. He was born in July 100 BC in Rome, Italy. He was born into an aristocratic family. Aristocracy is a social class that considers its highest order as the upper class. His full name was Gaius Julius Caesar. His father, Gaius Julius Caesar, governed the province of Asia.

Over the course of his life, Julius held many important titles such as consul, pontifex maximus, high priest and high commander of the army.

Caesar was taught to read and write around the age of six. He also learned about Roman law and public speaking skills. At sixteen year old, Caesar became the head of the family when his father died. He was nominated as the new High Priest of Jupiter, believing that priesthood would be best for his family. He married Cornelia at age 17. She was the daughter of a powerful politician in Rome.

When Sulla came into power of the Roman government, he ordered Caesar to divorce Cornelia because her family was an enemy of Sulla. Caesar refused and was targeted as an enemy. His inheritance and priesthood were taken away and he was forced to flee Rome. Julius was eventually pardoned and returned to Rome when Sulla died.

How old was Caesar when his father died?

- A. 15
- B. 16
- C. 17
- D. 18



8 19 16 25 19 12 18 20 6 12 20 3 4 20 1 11 13 22

12 25 12 11 6 3 12 18 20 16 16 6 1 8 19 16 25 20

© Think Tank 2020

WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- ✓ 4 Half Page Passages
- ✓ 4 Puzzle Decoders
- ✓ Differentiated Version
- ✓ Completion Signs
- ✓ 10 Multiple Choice
- ✓ Teacher Answer Key
- ✓ Teacher Guide
- ✓ Puzzle Hints



Clue # 1
Did you know?
Julius Caesar was a Roman politician and military general who played a vital role in the rise of the Roman Empire.

Clue # 2
Did you know?
In 75 B.C. Caesar was kidnapped and held for ransom by pirates from Cilicia.

Clue # 3
Did you know?
Although Julius Caesar was the Roman dictator, he never had a crown.

Clue # 4
Hint: ➡ then ⬇
Did you know?
Caesar was the first person printed on a Roman coin.

4 Digit Code
First number of the ID:

A =	N =
B =	O = 25
C =	P = 14



A	B	C	J	K	L
D	E	F	M	N	O
G	H	I	P	Q	R

THE CASE
is the morning of March 8th, Milly M...
teacher was preparing her for a r...
did not plan to do well. She felt n...
understand the...
at home, Milly had an after-school snack...
math teacher gave her a 20-question stu...

TEACHER GUIDE
Print a 3 page packet for each student (pages 6-10).
Print the four "decoders" and hang them around...
students to gather around the decoder. Print in...
choose to print the labeled decoders (pages 11-14) to challenge each group. The lab...
groups, print out a set of decoders for each group to use for each of the...
specifically tell students which decoder to use for each of the...
students they have _____ minutes to solve the case. d...
figure out the final 4 digit code. (Use your...
work alone or together as a partner...
with a partner to promote coll...
complete the decoder by order...
to the next decoder or clue. You...
to process the puzzle. You...
meant to challenge you!"

4 PASSAGES

Clue # 1

Did you know?

Julius Caesar was a Roman politician and military general who played a vital role in the rise of the Roman Empire.

Julius Caesar was a famous Roman leader. He was born in July 100 BC in Rome, Italy. He was born into an aristocratic family. Aristocracy is a social class that society considers its highest order or the upper class. His full name was Gaius Julius Caesar. His father, Gaius Julius Caesar, governed the province of Asia. Over the course of his life, Julius held many important titles such as consul, tribune of the people, high priest and high commander of the army. Caesar was taught to read and write around the age of six. He also learned about Roman law and public speaking skills. He was nominated as the new became the head of the family when his father died. He was nominated as the new

Clue # 3

Did you know?

Although Julius Caesar was the Roman dictator, he never had a crown.

After the Roman civil war, Julius Caesar became the ruler of Rome. Rome was completely transformed by Caesar. He paid off debts, brought new buildings and temples to the cities and created the Julian calendar. He even granted citizenship to a large number of foreigners.

Caesar made the Senate, or lawmakers, more representative by filling the positions with his supporters. Julius Caesar was very popular with the poor and middle class people of Rome. He had enormous political power and was considered the most powerful man in the world. The Senate gave him the title of dictator for life. He was the first Roman to be granted divine status or given the status of a god.

Caesar and Cleopatra, the Queen of Egypt, had a son named Ptolemy. Cleopatra and Caesar were not allowed to marry because only marry another Roman and he was Roman.

The Julian calendar included 365 days and a leap year. The month of August was named after Julius Caesar.

- Question
- A. Brought new buildings and temples to the cities
B. Brought new citizenship to a large number of foreigners
C. Created the Julian calendar
D. All of the above

Clue # 2

Did you know?

In 75 B.C. Caesar was kidnapped and held for ransom by pirates from Cilicia. Caesar quickly moved up the ranks in the Roman government. He was elected to consul when he was forty years old. A consul was the highest ranking political position of the Roman Republic. After a one year term as consul, Caesar became the governor of Gaul.

Caesar struck a deal with two of Rome's leading figures, Pompey the Great and the wealthy Crassus. The three men formed a political alliance that dominated Roman politics for several years. In Rome, many of the leaders became jealous of Caesar. Caesar made a lot of positive changes through public speaking and the people loved him. Pompey was jealous and the two later became enemies. Caesar had the support from the people.

Clue # 4

Hint: → then ↓

Did you know?

Caesar was the first person printed on a Roman coin.

Some citizens of Rome felt that Caesar was too powerful and plotted to kill him. Cassius and Brutus, Caesar's jealous friends, were the plotters. On March 15, 44 BC, a number of Roman Senators ran up to Caesar, attacked him and stabbed him to death. In modern times, the Ides of March, or March 15th, is known as the date of Julius Caesar's assassination.

Brutus used to be Caesar's best friend but believed the death of Caesar would benefit Rome. Brutus opposed a single person in the position of a dictator. Some even believed that Brutus was the son of Caesar.

According to a William Shakespeare play, many people believe the last words of Julius Caesar were "Et tu, Brute" or "You too, Brutus?" More than likely, historians believe he said, "I am not a senator, I am a man." Brutus was truly Caesar's son. "I am not a senator, I am a man." However, it is impossible to know if Brutus was truly Caesar's son.

In a traditional pack of playing cards, the King of Diamonds is meant to represent Julius Caesar.

How did Caesar die?

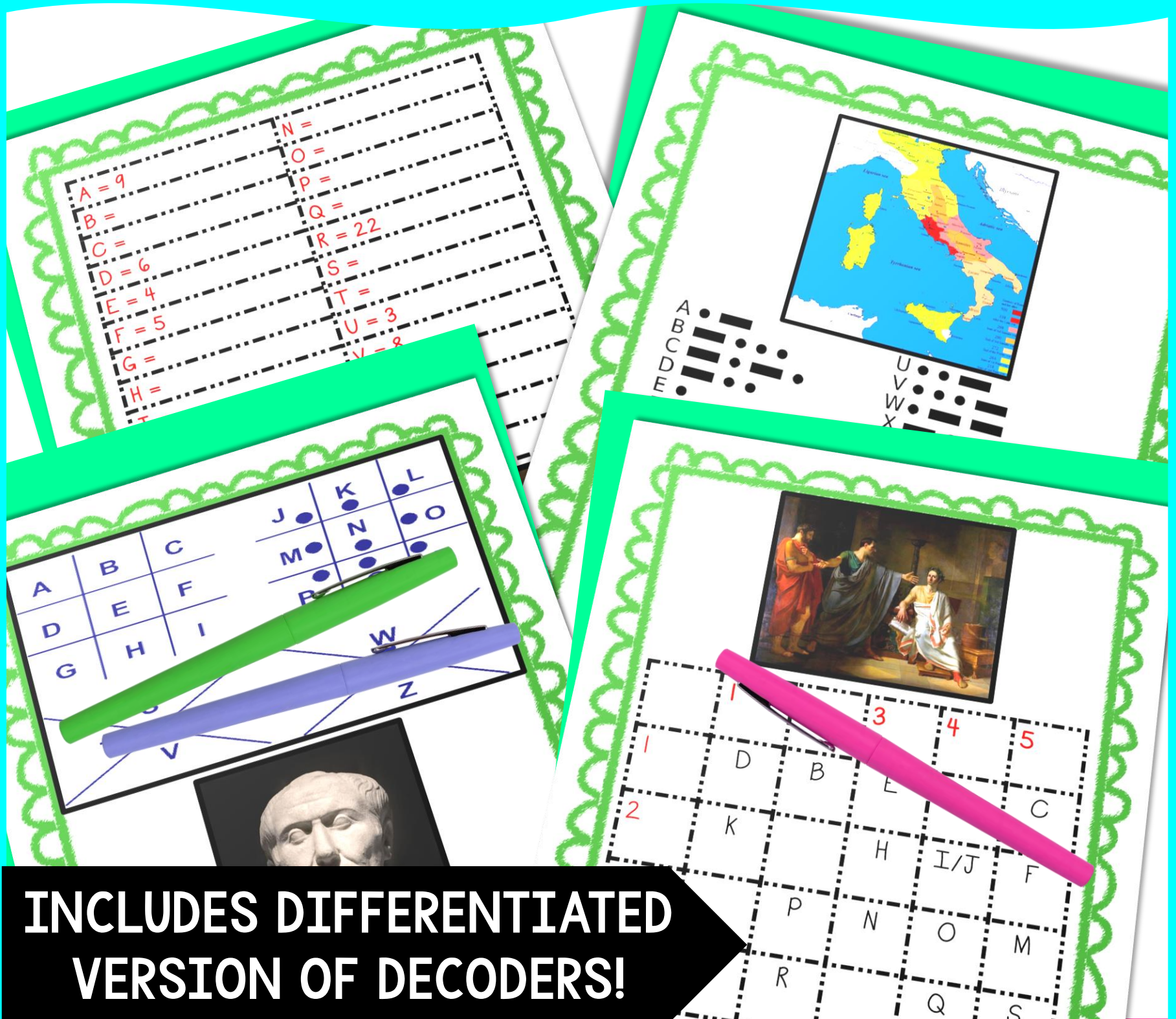
- A. In his sleep
B. He suffered from disease
C. He was stabbed
D. None of the above

Today, Julius Caesar...

324154 3343
124215



4 DECODERS



**INCLUDES DIFFERENTIATED
VERSION OF DECODERS!**

BUNDLE & SAVE

29 WORLD HISTORY ESCAPE ROOMS

BUNDLE



**GRAB THE
BUNDLE
AND SAVE
20%**

[CLICK HERE](#)

From Ancient Greece or Ancient Rome to Marco Polo and Greek Philosophers, I've got you covered! Send your students on a secret mission around the classroom with this 29 World History Escape Rooms BUNDLE.